

# FOOD PROCESSING

Towards Sustainable Growth Opportunities



**TRIPURA**



# TRIPURA





## TABLE OF CONTENT

01	Food Processing in India	01-02
02	Tripura - Overview	03-04
03	Advantage Tripura	05
04	Local Food System	06-08
05	Production Clusters	09
06	Millets in Tripura	10
07	Agricultural Marketing	11
08	Potential Opportunities	12-13
09	Government of India Schemes for Food Processing	14-24
10	State Government Initiatives & Schemes	25-28
11	Regulatory Framework	29-30
12	Major Players	31
13	List of Farmer Producer Organisations	32-33



## ACRONYMS

ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
AHIDF	Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund
APC	Agro Processing Cluster
APEDA	Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority
ASEAN	Association of Southeast Asian Nations
ASI	Annual Survey of Industries
ASPIRE	A Scheme for Promotion of Innovation, Rural Industry and Entrepreneurship
BCM	Billion Cubic Meters
CAGR	Compound Annual Growth Rate
CEFPPC	Creation/Expansion of Food Processing & Preservation Capacities
CLCSS	Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme
DIDF	Dairy Processing & Infrastructure Development Fund
DPIIT	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade
DPR	Detailed Project Report
DRPs	District Resource Persons
e-NAM	Electronic National Agriculture Market
EoDB	Ease of Doing Business
EOI	Expression of Interest
EPF	Employee's Provident Fund
ESI	Employee's State Insurance
F&V	Fruits & Vegetables
FAOSTAT	Food and Agriculture Organization Corporate Statistical Database
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FIDF	Fisheries and Aquaculture Infrastructure Development Fund
FME	Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprise
FPC	Farmer Producer Company
FPOs	Farmer Producer Organisations
FSSAI	Food Safety and Standards Authority of India
FTL	Food Testing Laboratory
GIS	Geographic Information System
GSDP	Gross State Domestic Product
GST	Goods and Services Tax
GVA	Gross Value Added
ha	Hectare
HACCP	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point
HP	Horse Power
HT	High Tension
ICC	Integrated Cold Chain and Value Addition Infrastructure
ICD	Inland Container Depot
ICP	Integrated Check Post
IIDC	Integrated Infrastructure Development Centres
INR	Indian Rupee
IQF	Individual Quick Freezing
IT	Information Technology
Km	Kilometre
LEADS	Logistics Ease Across Different States



## ACRONYMS

ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
LLP	Limited Liability Partnership
LT	Low Tension
Max	Maximum
MFP	Mega Food Parks
MIDH	Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture
MoFPI	Ministry of Food Processing Industries
MSDE	Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship
MSEs	Micro and Small Enterprises
MSME	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
MT	Metric Ton
MW	Mega Watt
NABARD	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
NAIFF	National Agriculture Infra Financing Facility
NDDDB	National Dairy Development Board
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
NH	National Highway
NOC	No Objection Certificate
ODOP	One District One Product
PFT	Private Freight Terminal
PLI	Production Linked Incentive
PLISFPI	Production Linked Incentive Scheme for Food Processing Industry
PLISMBP	Production Linked Incentive Scheme for Millet-Based Products
PM-DevINE	Prime Minister's Development Initiative for North-East Region
PMFME	Pradhan Mantri Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises
PMKSY	Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana
PMKVY	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana
PMMSY	Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana
PSL	Priority Sector Lending
RBI	Reserve Bank of India
RTC	Ready to Cook
RTE	Ready to Eat
SFAC	Small Farmers' Agri-Business Consortium
SGST	State Goods and Services Tax
SHG	Self-Help Groups
SMEs	Small and Medium Enterprises
SNA	State Nodal Agency
SPV	Special Purpose Vehicle
Sq. KM	Square Kilometer
SWC	Single Window Clearance
TIDC	Tripura Industrial Development Corporation Limited
TIIPIS	Tripura Industrial Investment Promotion Incentive Scheme
TSECL	Tripura State Electricity Corporation Limited
USD	U.S. Dollar
ZED	Zero Defect and Zero Effect







## ABSTRACT

### **Establishing Strong Linkages between Industry and Agriculture:**

The food processing sector plays a crucial role in establishing strong linkages between the industry and the agriculture sector. It facilitates collaboration and integration, benefiting both sectors and boosting the overall agricultural value chain.

### **Remarkable Growth in the Indian Food Processing Sector:**

The Indian food processing sector has achieved impressive growth, surpassing a 9% average annual growth rate since 2014-15. This indicates its strong potential and contribution to the Indian economy.

### **Significant Increase in Processed Food Exports:**

India's processed food exports have experienced a significant surge, increasing from US\$4.96 billion in 2014-15 to US\$13.07 billion in 2022-23. This growth showcases the sectors competitiveness and ability to cater to international markets.

### **Tripura's Strategic Location and Economic Strength:**

Tripura, located in Northeast India and sharing borders with Bangladesh, Assam, and Mizoram, boasts a Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) of USD 7.85 billion. Its proximity to international markets and neighbouring States provides a competitive advantage for trade. With a business-friendly environment and supportive government policies, Tripura emerges as an attractive destination for investment. The State serves as a "Gateway" between North-Eastern India and Bangladesh, facilitating trade and serving as a land bridge to ASEAN. Tripura also has access to the Chittagong Port of Bangladesh for the movement of goods.

### **Promising Opportunities in Tripura:**

Tripura excels in horticultural and plantation crops, including pineapple, orange, cashew nut, jackfruit, coconut, tea, rubber, and forest plantations. The State has received a geographical indicator tag for Tripura Queen Pineapple. The Department of Agriculture of the Government of Tripura aims to maximize land utilization and increase crop density and yield through the prudent use of natural resources and diversified agricultural practices. Tripura offers ample opportunities in the food processing sector, covering a wide range of products, from fruits and vegetables to ready-to-eat/ready-to-cook items. The State provides streamlined business establishment processes through its dedicated Single Window Clearance (SWC) and has received assistance/incentives from the Ministry of Food Processing Industries under its flagship schemes such as Pradhan Mantri - Kisan Sampada Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Formalisation Micro Food Processing Enterprises, and the Production Linked Incentive Scheme.



# 01. FOOD PROCESSING IN INDIA

The food processing sector is a uniquely placed amongst the manufacturing sector due to its backward linkages to the farming activities. A well-developed food processing sector with sufficiently higher level of processing helps in the improving value addition reducing post-harvest losses, promoting crop diversification, ensuring better returns to the farmers, promoting off-farm employment as well as increasing export earnings.

India ranks first in production of pulses & milk, second in vegetable & fruit, wheat & rice and third in cereals and eggs, in the World as per FAOSTAT estimates.<sup>1</sup>

An abundant supply of raw materials, increase in aggregate demand for processed food products and incentives offered by the Government of India has impacted food processing sector positively. The Gross Value Addition (GVA) has increased from INR 1.34 Lakh Crore in 2014-15 to INR 2.37 Lakh Crore in 2020-21 exhibiting an average annual growth rate of 9.3%. The sector constituted as much as 10.54% and 11.57% of GVA in Manufacturing and Agriculture sectors respectively in 2020-21 (at the 2011-12 prices).<sup>2</sup>



**India's food and beverages market grew at a CAGR of 6.92% between 2017 - 22.<sup>3</sup>**

**India's food and beverages market is forecasted to grow at a CAGR of 9.94% from 2022 - 27.<sup>4</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Statistics | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United States

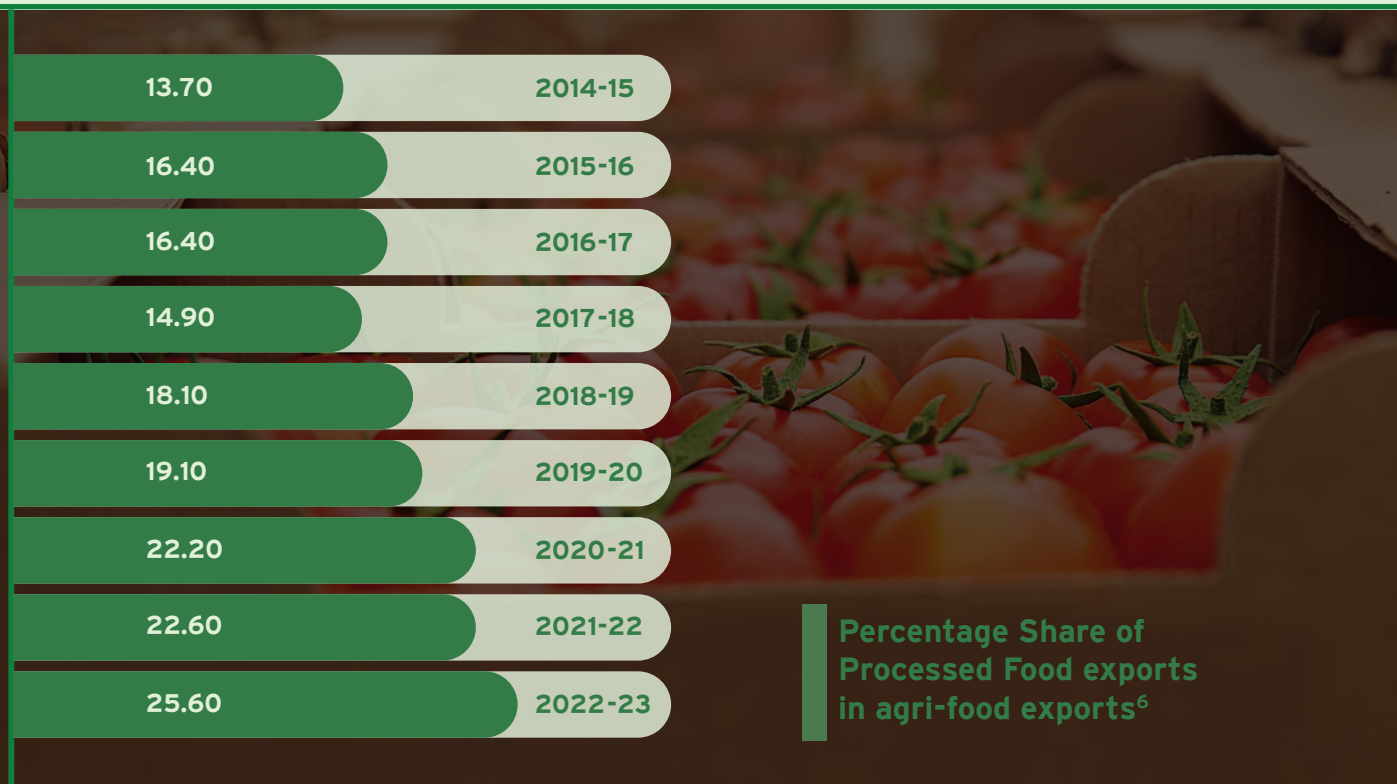
<sup>2</sup> MoFPI

<sup>3</sup> Food and Beverages Global Market Briefing 2023 – The Business Research Company, December 2022

<sup>4</sup> Ibid

As per the Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) latest estimates production of, the Food Processing Sector employees nearly 12.2 % of the workforce in the registered factory sector.

The Export of Agri-Food products has increased from US\$ 36.17 in 2014-15 to US\$ 51.05 billion in 2022-23. The Export of Processed-Food products has increased from US\$ 4.96 in 2014-15 to US\$ 13.07 billion in 2022-23. Thus, the share of the processed-food products in overall agri-food products export has increased from 13.70 % in 2014-15 to 25.60 % in 2022-23<sup>5</sup>.



As per an Industrial estimate, Asia Pacific emerged as the dominant region in the global food and beverages market with 41.5% share of the global food and beverages market in 2022. Within the Asia Pacific region, India's food and beverages market was the third largest, followed by China and Japan, in the said period.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>5</sup> MoFPI

<sup>6</sup> Ibid

<sup>7</sup> Food and Beverages Global Market Briefing 2023 – The Business Research Company, December 2022

<sup>8</sup> Ibid



## 02. OVERVIEW

Tripura is the second-most populated States in the north-eastern region of India. It is one of the seven sister States of the region and is surrounded on three sides by Bangladesh. It is predominantly a hilly State, with the Jampui Hills being the highest peak, standing at an elevation of around 1,220 metres (4,003 feet) above sea level.

It connects to other regions of India via NH-44, navigating Assam, Meghalaya, North Bengal, Kolkata, and other Indian regions. Tripura is renowned for its rich biodiversity and diverse flora and fauna. The State has several wildlife sanctuaries and national parks, including the Sepahijala Wildlife Sanctuary, the Trishna Wildlife Sanctuary, and the Rowa Wildlife Sanctuary.

State Capital

**Agartala**

Geographic Area<sup>9</sup>

**10,486 sq. Km**

Population (Census 2011)<sup>10</sup>

**3.67 million**

Total Road Length (March 2019)<sup>11</sup>

**45120 Km**

Rail length (2021)<sup>12</sup>

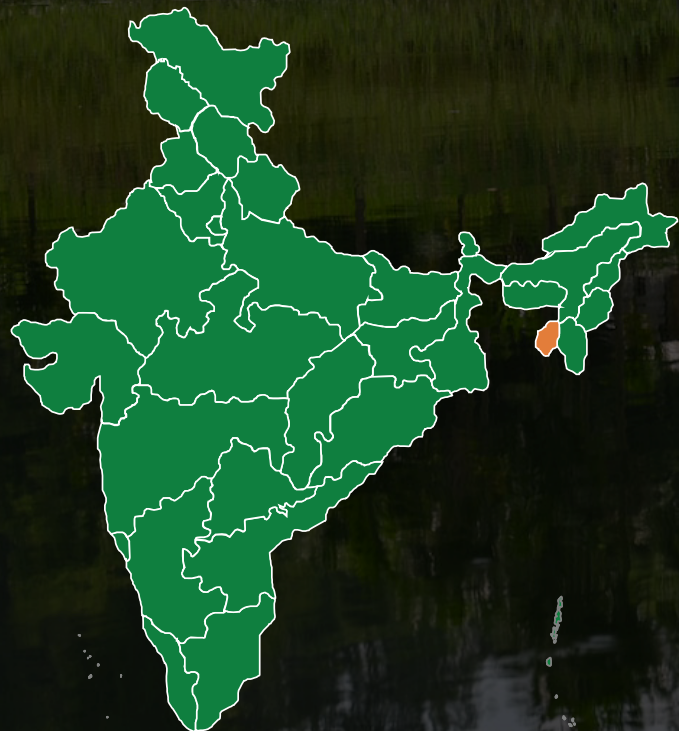
**337**

Industrial Area<sup>13</sup>

**2** Industrial Areas

**4** Industrial Estates

**4** Integrated Infrastructure Development Centres (IIDC)



<sup>9</sup> Geography | UP Tourism | Government of Uttar Pradesh

<sup>10</sup> National Data Bank | MoSPI | Population

<sup>11</sup> RBI | Handbook of Statistics on Indian States | State-wise Length of Roads

<sup>12</sup> DPIIT | LEADS 2022 Logistics Ease Across Different States

<sup>13</sup> MoFPI | Food Park List



Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) <sup>11</sup>

**USD 7.85 billion**

Per Capita Net State Domestic Product <sup>12</sup>

**USD 1705.36 (2021-22)**

Airports <sup>15</sup>

**3 Domestic-  
(Agartala,  
Kailashahar, Khowai)**

Available Land <sup>17</sup>

**Mixed Category  
217.82 ha**

Agri Export Zone <sup>18</sup>

**1  
(Organic Pineapple)**

Infrastructure <sup>19</sup>

**1  
Air Cargo Terminals**

**1  
Integrated Check Post (ICP)**

**9  
Railway Goods Sheds**

**50  
MT Warehouse Capacity**

**35 thousand  
MT Cold Storage Capacity**

Installed power <sup>20</sup>

Thermal  
**486.94 MW**

Other Renewables  
**33.61 MW**

Hydro  
**68.49 MW**

<sup>14</sup> RBI | Handbook of Statistics on Indian States | Gross state domestic product | Exchange Rate as on 15th June 2023

<sup>15</sup> RBI | Handbook of Statistics on Indian States | Per Capita Net State Domestic Product | Exchange Rate as on 15th June 2023

<sup>16</sup> Government of Tripura | Travel & Tourism | Airports

<sup>17</sup> India Industrial Land Bank | DPIIT | as on 31.05.2023

<sup>18</sup> APEDA | Agri Exchange | Agri Export Zone

<sup>19</sup> DPIIT | LEADS 2022: Logistics Ease Across Different States

<sup>20</sup> Central Electricity Authority | Installed Capacity Report | as on 31.03.2023



## 03. ADVANTAGE TRIPURA



Ranks **4th** under the Himalayan State Category, by **NITI Aayog, for Export Preparedness Index**<sup>21</sup>



State meets **60% of country's bamboo** stick demand for **Agarbatti-making**<sup>23</sup>



**Agartala** is North-East's **2nd busiest airport**<sup>25</sup>



**Agartala** is India's **3rd Internet Gateway** after Chennai and Mumbai<sup>27</sup>



Strategic gateway to **Chittagong Port** (Bangladesh) for efficient trade.<sup>29</sup>



Graded as **Fast Mover**, under north-eastern category, as per **DPIIT's LEADS 2022**.<sup>31</sup>



**3rd largest pineapple** producer in India.<sup>22</sup>



Suitable Agro-climatic conditions;  
**Good Quality, Organic nature**<sup>24</sup>



**400 BCM** forecasted Natural gas reserve<sup>26</sup>



**"Gateway"** between **North-Eastern India and Bangladesh** & is a natural collaborator in India's Act East Policy, serving as a **land bridge to ASEAN**.<sup>28</sup>



Important **Cities & towns in proximity**; connectivity through plain, non-mountainous areas<sup>30</sup>

<sup>21</sup> Niti Aayog | Export Preparedness Index 2021

<sup>22</sup> Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare | Horticulture | State Level | Area and Production of Horticulture crops for 2021\_22 (3rd Advance Estimates)

<sup>23</sup> Sectors | Department of Industries & Commerce | Govt of Tripura

<sup>24</sup> ibid

<sup>25</sup> Department of Industries & Commerce | Govt of Tripura

<sup>26</sup> Govt of Tripura | Urban Development Department

<sup>27</sup> Department of Industries & Commerce | Govt of Tripura

<sup>28</sup> Tripura Strategic Location | DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE | GOVERNMENT OF TRIPURA

<sup>29</sup> ibid

<sup>30</sup> Department of Industries & Commerce | Govt of Tripura

<sup>31</sup> DPIIT | LEADS 2022 Logistics Ease Across Different States

## 04. LOCAL FOOD SYSTEM


### 4.1 INDIGENOUS PRODUCE

Tripura is mainly an agricultural State, with approximately 64%<sup>32</sup> of its population relying on farming and related activities. The State's climate is suitable for various horticultural and plantation crops, such as pineapple, jackfruit, tea, rubber, and bamboo.

Fruits and vegetables occupy 21% of the total cultivated area, rubber covers 10%, and miscellaneous crops like tea and medicinal plants occupy 9%.<sup>33</sup> Tripura has 4.87 lakh hectares of land available for cultivation, with 2.55 lakh hectares under active cultivation.<sup>34</sup>

Tripura has a favourable **agro-climatic zone**, characterized by a **mild tropical plain**<sup>35</sup> with humidity ranging from 100% to 42%. This climate is conducive to year-round cultivation of a wide range of crops, vegetables, and fruits. Tripura is renowned for its distinctively flavoured and organic pineapples and oranges.

STATE HAS RECEIVED 1 GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATOR (GI) TAGS FOR<sup>36</sup> -



▲ Tripura Queen Pineapple

<sup>32</sup> Demographic Features | Tripura State Portal

<sup>33</sup> ENVIS Centre | Tripura State Pollution Control Board

<sup>34</sup> RBI | Handbook of Statistics on Indian States

<sup>34</sup> Tripura Farmers Portal & Kisan Call Centre

<sup>36</sup> Intellectual Property | Registration Details of Geographical Indications



## 4.2 KEY PRODUCTION HIGHLIGHTS



**Rice** is the major crop in the State<sup>37</sup>



**Horticultural/** Plantation Crops produced are **Pineapple, Orange, Cashew nut, Jack-fruit, Coconut, Tea, Rubber, Forest, Plantations etc**<sup>38</sup>



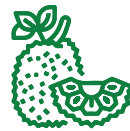
Major **Kharif crops** produced are rice, maize, pigeon pea, black gram, green gram, cowpea, groundnut, and sesame



**3rd** largest Producer of **Pineapples**.<sup>39</sup>



**5th** largest producer of **Areca nut**<sup>40</sup>



Among the top **10** producers of **Jack Fruit**<sup>41</sup>



India Tripura is the 5th largest, among the **16 tea producing States** in<sup>42</sup>

<sup>37</sup> Govt of Tripura | Department of Agriculture and Farmer's Welfare

<sup>38</sup> Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare | Horticulture | State Level | Area and Production of Horticulture crops for 2021-22 (3rd Advance Estimates)

<sup>39</sup> ibid

<sup>40</sup> ibid

<sup>41</sup> ibid

<sup>42</sup> Department of Industries & Commerce | Govt of Tripura



KEY PRODUCTION STATISTICS ARE PRESENTED BELOW<sup>43&44</sup>

## CROPS

'000 MT

PULSES

**20.3**

COARSE CEREALS

**44.2**

SUGARCANE

**48.6**

RICE

**803.1**

## LIVESTOCK & FISHERIES

MILK

**206** '000 tonnes

EGGS

**3032** lakh

MEAT

**52** '000 tonnes

FISH

**0.78** lakh tonnes

## FRUITS

'000 MT

JACKFRUIT

**135.92**

BANANA

**110.31**

PINEAPPLE

**143.31**

TOTAL CITRUS

**49.06**

## VEGETABLES

'000 tonnes

CAULIFLOWER

**74.77**

CABBAGE

**93.60**

BRINJAL

**86.25**

POTATO

**132.67**

## SPICES

'000 MT

RED CHILLIES

**7.05**

TURMERIC

**2.07**

BLACK PEPPER

**0.20**

GINGER

**17.37**

<sup>43</sup> RBI | Handbook of Statistics on Indian States

<sup>44</sup> Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare | Horticulture | State Level | Area and Production of Horticulture crops for 2021-22 (3rd Advance Estimates)



## 05. PRODUCTION CLUSTERS<sup>45</sup>

The list below showcases the Production Clusters within the State under the Pradhan Mantri Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme (PMFME) -

### Multiple Fruit Processing -----

Dhalai, Gomti, Unnakoti

### RICE based products -----

Khowai

### TEA products -----

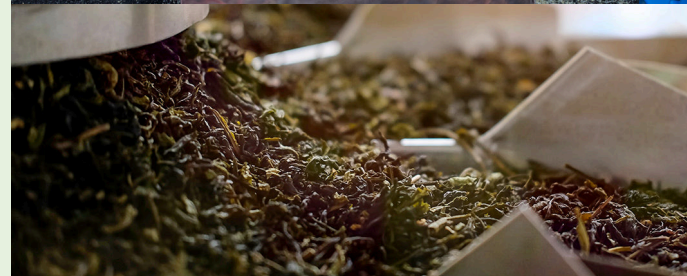
North Tripura

### MILK based products -----

Sipahijala

### BAKERY Product -----

South Tripura, West Tripura





## 06. MILLETS IN TRIPURA



Since ancient times, the tribal community of Tripura has incorporated the cultivation of foxtail millets as a vital element of their diversified agricultural approach. The Department of Agriculture of the Tripura Government aims to optimize land utilization by increasing crop density and yield through prudent use of natural resources and diversified agricultural practices.

Dabbari village has been identified as a key producer of small millets as part of the Salema Agri initiative.

The International Year of Millets provides an opportunity to highlight the importance of millets in Tripura and encourage farmers to cultivate them.

Millets offer various benefits, including climate resilience, biodiversity conservation, improved nutrition, and sustainable agricultural practices.

By promoting millet cultivation and integrating it into the local food system, Tripura can enhance food security, support local livelihoods, and contribute to a more sustainable and diverse agricultural landscape. Millets play a significant role in Tripuri cuisine and contribute to the local food system through the cultivation of Kodo millet, little millet, and barnyard millet.

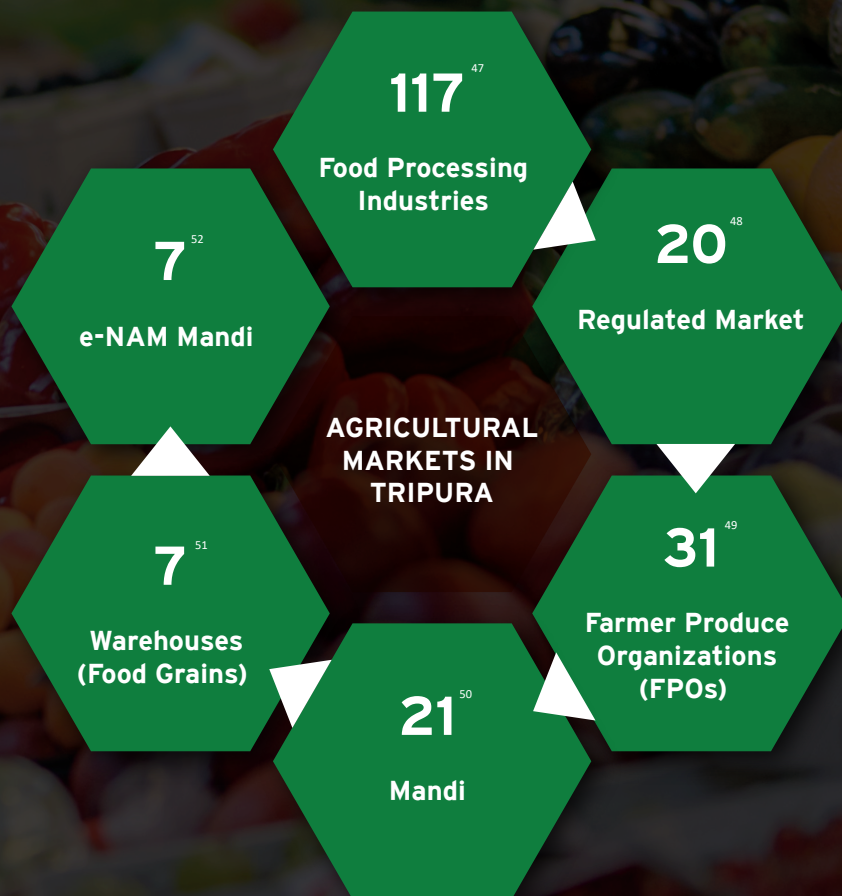


# 07. AGRICULTURAL MARKETING

The Agricultural Marketing and Agri Business Department serves as a central hub, transmitting marketing initiatives to effectively support the interests of both farmers and consumers.

With a focus on ensuring profitable returns for farmers, the department is actively working towards developing marketing infrastructure and post-harvest management facilities. Recent efforts have been dedicated to promoting Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs), implementing Supply Chain Management for Perishable Commodities, and establishing e-trading platforms, all aimed at enhancing farmers' income<sup>46</sup>.

‘Tripura Farmers Portal and Kisan Call Centre’, is a dedicated portal to regulate the agri-market



<sup>46</sup> Tripura | Department of Agriculture Marketing & Agri-Business

<sup>47</sup> Food Processing Industries | Ministry of Food Processing Industries

<sup>48</sup> Department Of Horticulture and Plantation Crops | Government Of Tripura

<sup>49</sup> DATA OF REGISTERED FPOs | Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare

<sup>50</sup> Directorate of Marketing & Inspection | Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare

<sup>51</sup> Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution | Storage of Food Grains

<sup>52</sup> No. of Unified Licenses | National Agriculture Market



## 08. POTENTIAL OPPORTUNITIES

Tripura is one of the agriculturally rich States in India. With an overview of the State profile and geographical conditions, following segments can be focused under food processing in the State of Tripura.

### FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Tripura is celebrated for its renowned pineapple, widely acknowledged as the finest in the nation. In the 2021-22 period, Tripura stood as the country's third-largest pineapple producer. The State takes great pride in cultivating organically grown pineapples of exceptional caliber. The '**Tripura Queen Pineapple**' from the region even enjoys Geographical Indication protection. Additionally, Tripura boasts an Agri-Export Zone exclusively dedicated to the export of organic pineapples. The State provides processing opportunities for various fruit products, including:

- **Pineapple Processing:**<sup>53</sup> Juice, Canned, titbit slices, jam, concentrates, Dried, individually quick-frozen (IQF) slices, fibre marmalade, Chutney and Salsa, cocktail syrup, and preserved fresh pineapple.

By capitalizing on these food processing opportunities, Tripura can add value to its pineapple production, create employment opportunities, and contribute to the growth of the local economy.



<sup>53</sup> APEDA | Agri Exchange | Agri Export Zone





## BAMBOO PROCESSING

In Tripura, there are several food processing opportunities for bamboo. Bamboo, known for its versatility and sustainable nature, can be utilized in various food processing applications. Some food processing opportunities for bamboo in Tripura:

- **Bamboo Shoots Processing:** Bamboo shoots, a popular delicacy, can be processed and preserved in different forms such as canned bamboo shoots, bamboo shoot pickles, or dried bamboo shoots. These processed bamboo shoot products have a long shelf life and can be used in various culinary preparations.
- **Bamboo-based Snacks:** Bamboo shoots can be used as a key ingredient in snack manufacturing, such as bamboo shoot chips or bamboo shoot-based snacks. These innovative bamboo snacks can cater to the growing demand for healthy and sustainable snack options.
- **Bamboo Vinegar Production:** Bamboo vinegar, derived from bamboo biomass, has various applications in food processing. It can be used as a natural food preservative, flavour enhancer, or ingredient in marinades and dressings.



# 09. GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SCHEMES FOR FOOD PROCESSING

## 9.1 SCHEMES UNDER MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES<sup>54</sup>

Support rendered under the scheme of Ministry of Food Processing Industries, Government of India are mentioned below:

### 9.1.1 PRADHAN MANTRI KISAN SAMPADA YOJANA (PMKSY)

#### Brief of Scheme

Given the nature and size of processing units operating in the food processing sector, investment requirements in basic infrastructure and common facilities are enormous. In order to attract private investment to the food processing sector, the Ministry of Food Processing Industries has taken various initiatives through schemes to develop infrastructure, expand processing capacity, and provide other supportive measures for the healthy growth of the industry. To streamline these efforts, all these schemes have been integrated under a comprehensive program called the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY), which was launched on May 3rd, 2017.

#### PMKSY has the following component schemes.

- Mega Food Parks
- Integrated Cold Chain and Value Addition Infrastructure
- Creation/Expansion of Food Processing & Preservation Capacities (Unit Scheme)
- Infrastructure for Agro-Processing Clusters
- Creation of Backward and Forward Linkages
- Food Safety and Quality Assurance Infrastructure
- Human Resources and Institutions
- Operation Greens

PMKSY is a comprehensive package that aims to establish modern infrastructure with efficient supply chain management, spanning from the farm gate to the retail outlet. This initiative not only provides a significant boost to the growth of the food processing sector in the country but also contributes to better returns for farmers. It is a crucial step towards doubling farmers' income, generating substantial employment opportunities, particularly in rural areas. Additionally, it helps reduce agricultural produce wastage, promotes higher levels of processing, and enhances the export of processed foods.

<sup>54</sup> MoFPI | Annual Report (2022- 2023)



Initially approved with a budget of INR 6,000 Crore for the period 2016-20, aligned with the 14th Finance Commission cycle, PMKSY's timeline was subsequently extended to FY 2020-21. The Government has now decided to restructure the component schemes for implementation during the 15th Finance Commission, with a total outlay of INR 4,600 crore. This revision includes the provisions for committed liabilities of its component schemes such as Mega Food Park, Creation of Backward & Forward Linkages, and Human Resources and Institution - Skill Development, Promotion Activities and HACCP, as these components have been discontinued in the 15th FC cycle. The component scheme continued during the 15th Finance Commission Cycle for new projects are:

- **Integrated Cold Chain and Value Addition Infrastructure (ICC)**
- **Creation/Expansion of Food Processing & Preservation Capacities (CEFPPC)**
- **Infrastructure for Agro-Processing Clusters (APC)**
- **Food Safety and Quality Assurance Infrastructure (FTL)**
- **Human Resource and Institutions - R&D**
- **Operation Greens**

## 9.1.2

### PRADHAN MANTRI FORMALISATION OF MICRO FOOD PROCESSING ENTERPRISES SCHEME (PMFME)

#### Introduction

In line with the Aatmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan initiative, the Ministry of Food Processing Industries (MoFPI) has introduced a nationwide centrally sponsored scheme called the "PM Formalisation of Micro food processing Enterprises (PMFME) Scheme." This scheme aims to provide financial, technical, and business support to establish or upgrade micro food processing enterprises. It was approved by the Union Cabinet on 20th May 2020, and the scheme's guidelines were issued on 19th June 2020. The PMFME Scheme will be implemented over a period of five years, from 2020-21 to 2024-25, with a budget allocation of INR 10,000 Crore. The scheme aims to directly assist two lakh micro food processing units by providing credit-linked subsidies.

#### Objectives

Recognizing the significance of unorganized micro food processing enterprises and the obstacles they face; the Ministry of Food Processing Industries (MoFPI) is implementing the scheme by providing a comprehensive package of support and services. The objectives of the scheme are as under:



- **Increased access to credit by existing Micro Food Processing entrepreneurs, FPOs, Self Help Groups and Co-operatives.**
- **Integration with organized supply chain by strengthening branding & marketing**
- **Support for transition of existing 2,00,000 enterprises into formal framework.**
- **Increased access to common services like common processing facility, laboratories, storage, packaging, marketing, and incubation services.**
- **Strengthening of institutions, research, and training in the food processing sector.**
- **Increased access for the enterprises to professional and technical support.**

### **Provisions under the Scheme**

---

#### **Support for setting up / upgradation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises**

- Support for setting up of new micro food processing enterprises and for upgradation of existing micro food processing enterprises are provided under the scheme.
- Organizations such as Individual entrepreneurs/ Proprietorship Firms/ Partnership Firms/ FPOs / NGOs / Cooperatives/ SHGs / Pvt. Ltd. Companies, who have established or propose to establish micro food processing unit, are eligible for financial assistance under the Scheme.
- Credit-linked capital subsidy @35% of the eligible project cost, maximum ceiling INR 10 lakhs per unit. Eligible project cost comprises cost of plant and machinery and technical civil work, but excludes cost of land/ rental or lease work shed. However, technical civil work should not be more than 30% of the eligible project cost.
- Beneficiary contribution - minimum of 10% of the project cost, balance loan from Bank.
- Applicant/Enterprise is eligible for bank loan under the Scheme, even if he has availed bank loan in other Subsidy Linked Schemes of Government. Applicant is also eligible for Interest Subvention and Top Up convergence with other relevant Government Sponsored Schemes. Lending Banks may consider sanctioning need based working capital limit to the beneficiaries, as admissible. However, no subsidy is provided on the working capital.



### Support for setting up of common infrastructure Facilities

- Organisations such as Farmer Producer Organisations (FPOs)/ Farmer Producer companies (FPCs)/ Cooperatives/Self Help groups (SHGs) and its Federation/Govt. agencies, who have established or propose to establish food processing line along with common infrastructure/value chain/incubation centres are eligible for financial assistance under this component of the Scheme.
- Credit-linked capital subsidy @35% of the eligible project cost, maximum ceiling INR 3 Crore per unit would be provided. Eligible project cost comprises cost of plant and machinery and technical civil work but excludes cost of land/rental or lease work shed. However, technical civil work should not be more than 30% of the eligible project cost.
- Total eligible project cost should not exceed INR 10 Crore. There will be no pre condition of minimum turnover and experience of the applicant organization.
- The applicant organization's contribution should be minimum of 10% of the project cost with balance required funds being loan from Bank. Before applying on the portal, the applicant organization is also required to submit in-principal approval from the lending bank for the loan envisaged in the means of finance of the project.
- Assistance of INR 50,000/- per case is provided to the applicant organisation for preparation of Detailed project report.

### Support to Self-Help Groups (SHGs)

- Seed capital @ INR 40,000/- per member of SHG for working capital and purchase of small tools
- Seed capital to be given as grant to the SHG Federations which should provide as a loan to the members of SHGs

### Branding and Marketing Support

- Grant upto 50% for Branding and Marketing support to groups of FPOs/ SHGs/ Cooperatives or an SPV of micro food processing enterprises. It is to be provided for ODOP product at the State or regional level.
- Developing a common brand and packaging including standardization and common packaging for branding.
- Marketing tie-up with national and regional retail chains and state level institutions; and Quality control to ensure product quality meets required standards.
- Support to the said activity under provisions of marketing and branding could also bring competitive price realisation according to the targeted market and customer base.



## Capacity Building

The capacity development aspect of the Scheme encompasses a wide range of initiatives aimed at empowering institutions, individuals, and groups. Training plays a pivotal role within this component. The Scheme aims to provide training to various stakeholders, including trainers such as Master Trainers and District Level Trainers, as well as District Resource Persons. Additionally, both existing and new food processing entrepreneurs, along with members of different groups such as Self-Help Groups (SHGs), Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs), and Cooperatives, engaged in food processing activities, will receive training through the Food Processing Entrepreneurship Development Program. District Resource Persons (DRPs) are appointed by State Nodal Agencies (SNAs) to provide ongoing support to beneficiaries, including assistance with application filing, preparation of Detailed Project Reports (DPR), and guidance for formalization and operationalization processes.

### 9.1.3

#### PRODUCTION LINKED INCENTIVE SCHEME FOR FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (PLISFPI)

The food processing industry in India includes manufacturing enterprises at all scales, ranging from micro to large industries. India possesses a competitive advantage due to its abundant resources, a sizable domestic market, and opportunities for promoting value-added products. To unlock the full potential of this sector, Indian companies need to enhance their competitive strength compared to global counterparts in terms of output scale, productivity, value addition, and their integration into the global value chain.

The Central Sector Scheme known as the Production Linked Incentive Scheme for Food Processing Industry (PLISFPI) aims to support the establishment of global food manufacturing champions in line with India's abundant natural resources. It also aims to promote Indian food product brands in international markets. The scheme has a budget allocation of INR 10,900 crore. The PLISFPI has been developed based on the Production Linked Incentive scheme of NITI Aayog under the "Aatma Nirbhar Bharat Abhiyaan for Enhancing India's Manufacturing Capabilities and Enhancing Exports." The scheme will be implemented over a period of six years, from 2021-22 to 2026-27.

The objectives of the scheme are to provide support to food manufacturing entities that meet the specified minimum sales criteria and are willing to make the required minimum investment for expanding their processing capacity. The scheme also aims to offer branding support for promoting Indian brands in international markets, with the intention of incentivizing the development of strong Indian food product brands. The scheme seeks to not only facilitate the establishment of global food manufacturing champions but also to enhance the presence and acceptance of selected Indian food product brands in international markets. In addition, the scheme aims to generate more employment opportunities in non-farm sectors, ensure better prices for agricultural produce, and increase income for farmers.



The first component of the Scheme focuses on providing incentives for the manufacturing of four primary food product segments, namely *Ready to Cook/ Ready to Eat (RTC/ RTE) foods, including products based on millets, processed fruits & vegetables, marine products, and mozzarella cheese.* The second component is dedicated to the production of innovative and organic products by Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) in these four segments. This includes products such as free-range eggs, poultry meat, and egg products. The third component is centered around offering support for branding and marketing activities overseas. This aims to encourage the development of strong Indian brands through in-store branding, renting of shelf space, and marketing initiatives.

An additional element pertaining to Millet Based Products was incorporated into the scheme. This inclusion aimed to promote the utilization of millets in Ready to Cook/Ready to Eat (RTC/RTE) products and provide incentives for their value addition and sale in both domestic and export markets under the PLI Scheme. The millet-based products with over 15% millet content by weight/volume are covered under this component.

### Approved Applications under PLISFPI Scheme

SCHEME	SEGMENT	NO. OF APPROVALS	TOTAL
CATEGORY 1	RTE/RTC	12	56
	Fruits & Vegetables	29	
	Marine	11	
	Mozzarella Cheese	4	
CATEGORY 2	Innovative	2	16
	Organic	14	
CATEGORY 3	B&M	78	78
PLISMBP	Large Entities	8	30
	MSME	22	

### Achievements of MoFPI schemes in Tripura (as on date: 31.05.2023)<sup>55</sup>

#### PRADHAN MANTRI KISAN SAMPADA YOJANA (PMKSY) SCHEME

SCHEME NAME	NO. OF PROJECTS APPROVED	TOTAL PROJECT COST (INR CR.)
MEGA FOOD PARK	1	77.79
CEFPPC UNIT	5	37.92
FOOD TESTING LABORATORY	1	2.52

#### PRADHAN MANTRI FORMALIZATION OF MICRO FOOD PROCESSING ENTERPRISE SCHEME (PMFME)

SCHEME NAME	NO. OF PROJECTS APPROVED
MICRO ENTERPRISES APPROVED UNDER FME (Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme)	55 (as on 07.06.2023)
INCUBATION CENTRES	1

<sup>55</sup> Ministry of Food Processing Industries



## 9.2 SCHEMES BY ALLIED MINISTRIES

Support rendered under various schemes of Allied Ministries of the Government of India is mentioned below:

# 1

### **Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH) Scheme<sup>56</sup>**

A centrally sponsored scheme under the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare for the holistic growth of the horticulture sector covering fruits, vegetables, root & tuber crops, mushrooms, spices, flowers, aromatic plants, coconut, cashew, cocoa, and bamboo. Under MIDH, financial assistance is provided for following major interventions/activities:

- Setting up of nurseries, tissue culture units for production of quality seed and planting material;
- Area expansion i.e. Establishment of new orchards and gardens for fruits, vegetables, and flowers;
- Rejuvenation of unproductive, old, and senile orchards;
- Protected cultivation, i.e. poly-house, green-house, etc, to improve the productivity & grow off season high value vegetables and flowers;
- Organic farming and certification;
- Creation of water resources structures and watershed management;
- Bee-keeping for pollination;
- Horticulture Mechanization;
- Creation of Post Harvest Management and Marketing infrastructure.

# 2

### **National Agriculture Infra Financing Facility (NAIFF) Scheme<sup>57</sup>**

The National Agriculture Infra Financing Facility (NAIFF) is an online single window facility under the aegis of the Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare. The objective of the initiative is to provide impetus for development of farm gate & aggregation point, affordable and financially viable Post Harvest Management infrastructure, with a financing facility worth INR 1,00,000 Crores, by converging all schemes of central & State governments.

# 3

### **Fisheries and Aquaculture Development Infrastructure Fund (FIDF)<sup>58</sup>**

Government of India has created a dedicated fund, FIDF, implemented by the National Fisheries Development Board with a total fund outlay of Rs 7522.48 crore (US\$ 940.31 Million). Under FIDF, creation of fisheries infrastructure facilities both in marine and inland fisheries sectors are augmented, including fishing harbours, fish landing centres, construction of ice plants, cold storage, transport facilities etc.

<sup>56</sup> Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH)

<sup>57</sup> National Agriculture Infra Financing Facility

<sup>58</sup> Department Of Fisheries

## 4 Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY) Scheme<sup>59</sup>

Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY) is a flagship scheme under the Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying to facilitate the Blue Revolution, promoting sustainable and accountable growth in the fisheries industry in India, an approximate investment of INR 20050 crores (US\$ 2.51 Billion) has been allocated. This investment aims to ensure comprehensive development of the fisheries sector, while also prioritizing the well-being of fishers. Supporting activities under PMMSY:

- Enhancement of Production and Productivity
- Infrastructure and Post-harvest management
- Fisheries management & Regulatory framework

## 5 Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF)<sup>60</sup>

The Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying is implementing the Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF) scheme with an outlay of Rs. 15000 crore (US\$ 1.88 Billion) under the Atma Nirbhar Bharat Abhiyan stimulus package. The objective of the scheme is to help increase milk and meat processing capacity and product diversification in the country.

## 6 Dairy Processing & Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)<sup>61</sup>

DIDF is implemented with a total outlay of INR. 11,184 crores with National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), comprising a corpus fund of INR 8004 crores have been set up for the creation of dairy processing infrastructure. The objective is to provide subsidized loans @6.5% to capital-stressed milk cooperatives for replacing their decades-old chilling and processing plants and addition of value-added product plants. The National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) is the implementing agency of the fund.

## 7 Agriculture Export Promotion Plan Scheme of APEDA (Agricultural and Processed food Products Export Development Authority)<sup>62</sup>

The Agriculture Export Promotion Plan Scheme of APEDA supports the development and promotion of export of products like, Fruits, vegetables and their products, Meat and meat products, Poultry and poultry products, Dairy products, Confectionary, biscuits, and bakery products, etc. The scheme is designed to boost agricultural product exports, offers support to exporters by addressing challenges in the industry. It accomplishes this by understanding exporter difficulties, providing necessary assistance to overcome obstacles, and offering financial aid in areas such as export infrastructure development, quality enhancement, and market expansion. The scheme focuses on three broad components viz,

- Infrastructure Development
- Market Development
- Product Quality Development

## 8 Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme (CLCSS) of Ministry of MSME (Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises)<sup>63</sup>

The objective of the CLCSS Scheme is to facilitate technology up-gradation in MSEs by providing interest subsidy on upgrade of plant & machinery with state-of-the-art technology. The scheme provides an upfront capital subsidy of 15% (on institutional finance of upto Rs 1 crore availed by them) for induction of well-established and improved technology.

<sup>59</sup> Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana

<sup>60</sup> Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF) | Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy

<sup>61</sup> Dairy processing & Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF) | Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy

<sup>62</sup> Agriculture And Processed Foods Export Promotion Scheme of APEDA for the 15th Finance Commission Cycle (2021-22 To 2025-26)

<sup>63</sup> Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme for Technology Upgradation | Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme



9

### Venture Capital Assistance Scheme of SFAC (Small Farmers' Agri-Business Consortium)<sup>64</sup>

Venture Capital Assistance is financial support in the form of an interest-free loan provided by SFAC (Small Farmers' Agri-Business Consortium) to qualifying projects to meet the shortfall in the capital requirement for the implementation of the project.

10

### A Scheme for Promotion of Innovation, Rural Industry and Entrepreneurship (ASPIRE)<sup>65</sup>

ASPIRE- A scheme for promotion of Innovation, Rural Industry and Entrepreneurship, is being implemented by the Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium enterprises (MSME). The objective of the scheme is to set up a network of technology centres and to set up incubation centers to accelerate entrepreneurship and to promote startups for innovation in the agro-industry. The scheme also envisages programmes to facilitate Forward and Backward linkages with multiple value chain of manufacturing and service delivery will also be put in place

11

### Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY)<sup>66</sup>

PMKVY is the flagship scheme of the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSDE), implemented by National Skill Development Corporation. The objective of the PMKVY scheme is to encourage and promote skill development in the country by providing free short-duration skill training and incentivizing this by providing monetary rewards to youth for skill certification. The overall idea was to boost the employability of youth corresponding to the industrial demand. The scheme can be leveraged for skill development in the food processing sector



<sup>64</sup> Small Farmers' Agri-Business Consortium | Venture Capital Assistance Scheme

<sup>65</sup> A Scheme For Promotion Of Innovation, Rural Industries & Entrepreneurship (ASPIRE) | Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises

<sup>66</sup> Pradhan Mantri Koshal Vikas Yojana | Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship

## 9.3

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA INCENTIVES FOR THE FOOD PROCESSING SECTOR

#### Income tax incentive to the Food Processing sector<sup>67</sup>

- 100% deduction on profits and gains for new Food Processing Units for the initial 5 assessment years and 25% (30% for companies) for the next 5 years.
- 100% deduction on the expenditure on capital invested for setting up and operating Cold Chain and Warehouse Storage facilities for agricultural produce.



#### Agro-Processing included in Priority Sector Lending

- Loans for food and agro-processing up to an aggregate sanction limit of INR 100 crore per borrower classified under agricultural activity for Priority Sector Lending (PSL) - RBI Master Directions dated 4th September, 2020.
- Loans to MSMEs engaged in "food and agro-processing" are eligible for classification under Priority Sector Lending (PSL).



#### 100% FDI permitted

- 100% FDI permitted under automatic route in manufacturing of food products since 2016-17.
- 100% FDI allowed through government-approval route for retail trading, including through e-commerce, in respect of food products manufactured/ produced in India since 2016-17.



#### Automatic Route

Under the Automatic Route, the non-resident investor or the Indian company does not require any approval from the Government of India for the investment.

#### Government Route

Under the Government Route, prior to investment, approval from the Government of India is required. Proposals for foreign direct investment under Government route, are considered by respective Administrative Ministry/ Department.

<sup>67</sup> "Key Reforms in the Food Processing Sector Since 2014-15" | MoFPI



## 10. STATE GOVERNMENT INITIATIVES AND SCHEMES

Tripura has always endeavoured to provide a hassle-free business environment to enable investors. The Tripura State Government has implemented numerous reforms to create a conducive and investor-friendly business environment for those interested in establishing their businesses within the State. The table below highlights some of the key initiatives undertaken by the State Government:



### Single Window Portal (Tripura Investor Facilitation Portal)

A centralized portal for investors to digitally access and register for all state-related business approvals in accordance with their business needs. The portal is intended to assist investors in a clear, timely, and uncomplicated manner.

 [swaagat.tripura.gov.in](http://swaagat.tripura.gov.in)



#### A. State Industrial Land Bank

A GIS system for displaying the availability of land and infrastructure, including information on all State-owned industrial estates, land rates, connectivity, and utility infrastructure.

 [tsac.tripura.gov.in/tidc/](http://tsac.tripura.gov.in/tidc/)

#### B. Central Industrial Land Bank Portal

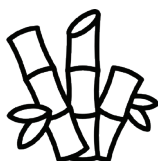
A GIS-based portal encompassing industrial parks that serves as a central repository for all infrastructure-related data, including connectivity, infra, natural resources and terrain, plot-level information on vacant plots, and contact information.

 [iis.ncog.gov.in/parks/login1](http://iis.ncog.gov.in/parks/login1)



### PM-DevINE SCHEME

This scheme is aimed at rapid and holistic development of the North-East Region by funding infrastructure and social development projects, based on felt needs of the States. It will strive to fill the gaps in various sectors and will not be a substitute for existing Central and State Schemes.



### Tripura State Bamboo Policy<sup>69</sup>

'State Bamboo Policy' envisages to develop the bamboo sector in the State through a market-led community-based utilization, development, and conservation of the resource in forest and farm areas.

Key incentives introduced by State Government of Tripura for the food processing industry and other industrial units under its major policies are summarized in the table below:

KEY INITIATIVES	TRIPURA INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT PROMOTION INCENTIVE SCHEME (TIIPIS), 2022 <sup>70</sup>
<b>CAPITAL INVESTMENT SUBSIDY</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 30% subsidy on fixed capital investment subject to a ceiling of INR 100 Lakhs per enterprise.</li> <li>■ For thrust sector industries, the rate of subsidy shall be 40% and the ceiling would be INR 125 Lakhs per enterprise.</li> <li>■ For large-scale enterprises at 30% or 40% on land and building, as the case may be, upper ceiling of fixed capital investment subsidy will be INR 200 Lakhs.</li> </ul>
<b>PROCUREMENT PREFERENCE</b>	<p>15% on all purchases through tenders by State Government Agencies on products manufactured in Tripura by eligible enterprises.</p>
<b>INDUSTRIAL PROMOTION SUBSIDY</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Net amount (net of input taxes) of the "Goods and Services Tax" actually paid by an enterprise shall be provided subject to an overall ceiling of Rs.80 Lakhs per annum.</li> <li>■ In case, of Thrust Sector Industries, the annual upper ceiling of payment of Industrial Promotion Subsidy shall be INR 125 Lakhs per enterprise.</li> <li>■ The aggregating limit of entitlement of an enterprise for 5 years shall not exceed 150% value of investment made in plant and machinery.</li> </ul>

<sup>69</sup> Tripura Farmers Portal & Kisan Call Centre

<sup>70</sup> TIIPS-2022.pdf



<b>POWER CHARGES</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Provided to all eligible industrial units with connected load of above 20 HP @ INR 5.00 per unit without any upper ceiling.</li> <li>■ In case of Thrust Sector Industries, the annual upper ceiling shall be INR 25 Lakhs per enterprise per annum.</li> <li>■ Up to 20 HP @ 25% of power charges actually paid by the enterprise, subject to a maximum amount of INR 15.00 Lakhs per enterprise per annum.</li> </ul>
<b>PARTIAL REIMBURSEMENT OF INTEREST ON TERM LOANS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Component is actually paid to banks/ financial institutions to the extent of 4% of the interest on term loan availed by the enterprise, subject to an upper ceiling of INR 5.00 Lakhs per enterprise per annum.</li> <li>■ In case of thrust sector industries, reimbursement shall be provided @5% with an upper ceiling to INR 12 Lakhs per enterprise per annum.</li> </ul>
<b>EMPLOYMENT COST SUBSIDY</b>	<p>100% of the amount shall be reimbursed to eligible Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise belonging to the thrust sector on contribution made towards Employee's Provident Fund (EPF) and Employee's State Insurance (ESI) Scheme, subject to employment of 20 or more people skilled and semi-skilled workers who are domicile of the State.</p>
<b>EXPORT PROMOTION SUBSIDY</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ It shall be paid to industrial enterprises on exporting goods through the Land Custom Stations in the State @ 10% on value of export subject to an upper ceiling of INR 50 Lakhs per annum.</li> <li>■ This shall be applicable only for the items manufactured in the State of Tripura, provided an enterprise should have to achieve at least 20% value addition within the State.</li> </ul>
<b>OTHERS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 100% Reimbursement of Standard Certification charges/ fees/ expenses</li> <li>■ 100% Exemption from the payment of Earnest Money and Bid Security Deposits</li> <li>■ Subsidy on fees paid for Credit Guarantee of loans</li> <li>■ Subsidy for participation in fares and exhibitions shall be reimbursed to thrust sector industries @ 50% of the expenditure incurred for travelling expenses of one person</li> <li>■ Operational Subsidy to industrial units</li> </ul>

<b>STATE TRANSPORT SUBSIDY</b>	<p>@ 50% of transportation cost incurred for transportation of secondary raw materials through Railways. (Railway Station nearest to the location of the seller to the Railway Station nearest to the location of the buyer as per Railway Standard Parcel Rate).</p>
<b>PARTIAL REIMBURSEMENT OF INTEREST ON TERM LOANS</b>	<p>MSMEs registered under Udyam portal of MSME and obtained ZED Certification, for investment made in Plant and Machinery</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Up to INR 1.00 Cr: Max. Limit of additional subsidy of INR 2 Lakhs.</li><li>■ From INR 1.00 Cr to 10 Cr: Max. Limit of additional subsidy of INR 5 Lakhs.</li><li>■ Above INR 10.00 Cr.: Max. Limit of additional subsidy of INR 10 Lakhs.</li></ul>



## 11. REGULATORY FRAMEWORK: REGISTRATION/NOCS/ LICENSES

Table below represents the indicative information regarding Regulatory Mechanism available in the State of Tripura.

### FOR STARTING OPERATIONS

S.No	Name of Service	Authority/ Agency/ Office/ Department officer granting approval
1.	License for Cold Storage	Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) / Department of Agriculture (Tripura)
2.	Registration under FSSAI Act,2006, regulation 2011	FSSAI, Health & Family Welfare Department, & Food Safety
3.	License under FSSAI Act,2006, regulation 2011	FSSAI, Health & Family Welfare Department, & Food Safety
4.	License under Contract Labour Act, (Regulation and Abolition), 1970	Labour Directorate, Labour Department, Government of Tripura
5.	Registration under GST (Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017)	Commissionerate of Taxes & Excise, Government of Tripura
6.	Consent to Operate under Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981	Tripura State Pollution Control Board
7.	Consolidated Consent & Authorization under Water Act, 1974, Air Act, 1981 & Authorization under The Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016	Tripura State Pollution Control Board
8.	Application for Pre-Operational Fire NOC (National Building Code, 2005)	Tripura Fire Service

## FOR SETTING UP OF BUSINESS

S.No	Name of Service	Authority/ Agency/ Office/ Department officer granting approval
9.	Land allotment in departmental industrial estates	Tripura Industrial Development Corporation Limited (TIDC)
10.	Application for Land / Plot Allotment	Tripura Industrial Development Corporation Limited (TIDC)
11.	Application for new connection LT / HT line – non-domestic / industrial	The Tripura State Electricity Corporation Limited (TSECL)
12.	Application for Water Connection	Wing of Public Works Department, Govt of Tripura
13.	Application for building plan approval	Tripura Urban Development Authority
14.	Application for Completion cum Occupancy Certificate	Tripura Urban Development Authority
15.	Consent to Establish under Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974	Tripura State Pollution Control Board
16.	Consent to Establish under Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981	Tripura State Pollution Control Board
17.	Application for Pre-Operational Fire NOC (National Building Code, 2005)	Tripura Fire Service
18.	Site Plan Approval under the Factories Act, 1948	Factories & Boiler Organization Department of Labour



## 12. MAJOR PLAYERS IN FOOD PROCESSING AND ALLIED SECTORS

### BENEFICIARIES UNDER CREATION / EXPANSION OF FOOD PROCESSING & PRESERVATION CAPACITIES (CFPPC) SCHEME, UNDER PMKSY SCHEME OF MOFPI, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (OPERATIONAL UNITS)

NAME OF THE FIRM	LOCATION
M/s Shree Ganesh Frozen Foods Pvt. Ltd	Unakoti
M/s Agrotech Modern Rice Mill LLP	North Tripura
M/s Shyamagree Food Products	West Tripura
M/s Maniklal Industries	West Tripura
M/s Sarvasiddhi Agrotech Pvt Ltd	West Tripura

### BENEFICIARIES UNDER MEGA FOOD PARK SCHEME (MFP) UNDER PMKSY SCHEME OF MOFPI, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (OPERATIONAL UNITS)

NAME OF THE FIRM	LOCATION
Sikaria Mega Food Park Pvt. Ltd.,	West Tripura

### BENEFICIARIES UNDER FOOD SAFETY & QUALITY ASSURANCE INFRA-STRUCTURE, UNDER PMKSY SCHEME OF MOFPI, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (OPERATIONAL UNITS)

NAME OF THE FIRM	LOCATION
Regional Food Laboratory	Agartala



## 13. LIST OF FARMER PRODUCER ORGANISATIONS

A total of 31 Farmer Producer Organisations (FPO) are present in the State of Tripura and out of these the following indicative list represents FPOs with major crop/produce production of the State. The details of FPOs in the State are available at APEDA Farmer Connect FPO Directory.





NAME OF THE FIRM <sup>72</sup>	ADDRESS / CONTACT	COMMODITY
Aatharamura Organic Producer Company Ltd	Balaram, Block-Bagamara, Tripura, Dhalai, Tripura, India, 799289	Paddy, Ginger, Turmeric, Maize
Bagma Agri. Producers Development Trust	Dakshin Bagma, P.O: Bagma	Ginger, Turmeric
Chakakupara Spices Group (FIG)	Chakakupara, P.O: North Debipur	Ginger and Turmeric
Chauddadevta Organic Producer Company Ltd	Old ADC, Chowmuhuni, Jirania, West Tripura-799045	Paddy, Ginger, Turmeric
Jagaran Vegetable Growers Cooperative Society Ltd	Vill- & P. O.- Nutan Nagar, P.S. Airport, Mahanpur, Sub-Division, Distt. West Tripura, Tripura	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cowpea, Bhindi, Spine gourd (Kakrol), Pointed Gourd
Krishi Unnayan Vegetable Growers Cooperative Society Ltd	Vill & P.O. Drahmaahara, P.S.- Taliamura, Sub- Division Taliamura Khewai District, Tripura	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cowpea, Bhindi, Spine gourd (Kakrol), Pointed Gourd
New Moon	Mohanpur, Kamalpur, Dhalai, Tripura	Rice
Darchawi Spices Group (FIG)	Pabiacherra, P.O: Kumarghat	Black Pepper
Deo Organic Producer Company Ltd	Rajkandi, Kumarghat	Ginger, Turmeric
Tripureshwari Organic Producer Company Ltd	Village Chakaku Para, Uttar Devipur, Block – Bagafa, Tripura, South Tripura, Tripura, India, 799144	Turmeric, Ginger, Paddy

<sup>72</sup> APEDA Farmer Connect | FPO/FPC/Cooperative Societies Directory

# DISCLAIMER

Without limiting the rights under the copyright reserved, this publication or any part of it may not be translated, reproduced, stored, transmitted in any form (electronic, mechanical, photocopying, audio recording or otherwise) or circulated in any binding or cover other than the cover in which it is currently published, without the prior written permission of Ministry of Food Processing Industries, Government of India.

All information, ideas, views, opinions, estimates, advice, suggestions, and recommendations (hereinafter 'content') in this publication should not be understood as professional advice in any manner or interpreted as policies, objectives, opinions, or suggestions of MoFPI. Readers are advised to use their discretion and seek professional advice before taking any action or decision, based on the contents of this publication. The content in this publication has been obtained or derived from various sources. MoFPI does not assume any responsibility and disclaims any liability for any loss or damages caused due to any reason whatsoever, towards any person (natural or legal) who uses this publication.

This publication cannot be sold for consideration, within or outside India, without express written permission of MoFPI. Violation of this condition of sale will lead to criminal and civil prosecution.

*Copyright © Ministry of Food Processing Industries, Government of India. All right reserved*



Published by

Economic Division

**Ministry of Food Processing Industries,  
Government of India**

Panchsheel Bhawan, New Delhi – 110049



eco-division@mofpi.gov.in



+91 11- 26491810



mofpi.gov.in  
worldfoodindia.gov.in

**Knowledge Partner – Ernst and Young**







## KEY CONTACT

### DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE TRIPURA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

📍 Shilpa Nigam Bhawan, Near Ginger Hotel, Khejur Bagan  
P.O.:- Kunjaban, Agartala, West Tripura, India  
PIN:- 799006

☎ +91 (0381) 2416617, 2416446, 24163736

🌐 <https://tidc.tripura.gov.in/>

✉ [tidcltd.in@gmail.com](mailto:tidcltd.in@gmail.com)

### GOVERNMENT OF TRIPURA DIRECTORATE OF INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE

📍 Khejurbagan, Agartala, Tripura 799010

☎ +91 (0381) 241 1021

🌐 [industries.tripura.gov.in](http://industries.tripura.gov.in)

✉ [industrytripura@gmail.com](mailto:industrytripura@gmail.com)



**Ministry of Food Processing Industries,  
Government of India  
Panchsheel Bhawan,  
New Delhi - 110049,  
India**

**[mofpi.gov.in](http://mofpi.gov.in)**

**@ministryoffoodprocessingin4060**



**@MOFPIIndia**



**MOFPI Government of India**



**@MOFPI\_GOI**

